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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

3/ABAPPROVAL

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	MM/DD/Y	AND DI	1DING 12/3	MM/DD/YY
A. I	REGISTRANT IDEN	TIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Adv	anced Equities	, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	BUSINESS: (Do not use	P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
1227 Mall Drive			_	
	(No. and Str	eet)		
Richmond	Virgin	ia	2	3235
(City)	(Stat	e)	(Zip C	ode)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER Of Gregg S. Glaser	F PERSON TO CONTAC (804) 378-	CT IN REGARD TO 2661	THIS REPOR	Γ
			(Area	a Code – Telephone Number
В. А	CCOUNTANT IDE	NTIFICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN	IT whose opinion is cont	ained in this Renort	* *	
BDO Seidman, LLP	•	·		
BDO Seidman, LLP	(Name – if individual, sta	ite last, fîrst, middle nan	ne)	23236
BDO Seidman, LLP	(Name - if individual, sto	ite last, fîrst, middle nan	ne) . Va	23236
BDO Seidman, LLP	(Name – if individual, sta	ite last, fîrst, middle nan	ne)	23236 (Zip Code)
BDO Seidman, LLP 300 Arboretum Pla (Address)	(Name - if individual, sto	ite last, fîrst, middle nan	Va (State)	(Zip Code)
BDO Seidman, LLP 300 Arboretum Pla (Address)	(Name – if individual, succe, Suite 520 (City)	ite last, fîrst, middle nan	Va (State)	
BDO Seidman, LLP 300 Arboretum Pla (Address) CHECK ONE:	(Name – if individual, succe, Suite 520 (City)	ite last, fîrst, middle nan	va (State)	(Zip Code)
BDO Seidman, LLP 300 Arboretum Pla (Address) CHECK ONE:	(Name - if individual, sto ce, Suite 520 (City)	nte last, first, middle nan Richmond	va (State)	(Zip Code)



^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,Gregg S. Glaser	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial stateme	
Advanced Equities, Inc.	, as
of	, as , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal of	
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
None	
	1
	Signature
	Executive Vice President
	Title
A V II were	
Notary Public 115/65	
Notary Public	
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing Page.	
☑ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.☐ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Part	ners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to C	Claims of Creditors.
 ☑ (g) Computation of Net Capital. ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirem 	ente Durquant to Dula 15c2 2
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Re	
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of	
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requi	
	Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation. (I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(i) An Outri of Affinitiation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to	exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. $ \\$

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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300 Arboretum Place, Suite 520 Richmond, Virginia 23236 Telephone: (804) 330-3092 Fax: (804) 330-7753

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Advanced Equities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Advanced Equities, Inc. as of December 31, 2007, that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statements of financial condition are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statements of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statements of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Advanced Equities, Inc, as of December 31, 2007, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the statements of financial condition. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the statement of financial condition, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the statement of financial condition and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the statement of financial condition.

BDO Sidman, LLP

February 27, 2008

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31,	2007
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,010,905
Notes receivable, net	10,309,943
Receivable from clearing brokers	3,598,278
Deferred tax asset	550,125
Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net of accumulated	
depreciation of \$248,460	1,249,783
Other assets	3,487,542
Total assets	\$26,206,076
• •	
Liabilities	\$ 6.512.228
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value	
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value	7,250
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses	7,250 437,883
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value Payable to clearing brokers	\$ 6,512,228 7,250 437,883 1,700,108 8,657,469
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value Payable to clearing brokers Income taxes payable	7,250 437,883 1,700,108
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value Payable to clearing brokers Income taxes payable Total liabilities	7,250 437,883 1,700,108

See accompanying notes.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Advanced Equities, Inc. (the "Company") is a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). It provides both investment banking and retail brokerage services. The investment banking services include, but are not limited to, participating in underwritings on a "best-efforts" basis and acting as an agent in private equity placements. The retail securities transactions of customers, located primarily in North America, are introduced to and cleared through clearing brokers on a fully disclosed basis. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Advanced Equities Financial Corp.

The Company has agreements with non-affiliated clearing brokers to clear securities transactions, carry customers' accounts on a fully disclosed basis, and perform certain recordkeeping functions. Accordingly, the Company operates under the exemptive provisions of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in banks, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and money market funds.

Income Recognition

Investment banking fees arise from securities offerings in which the Company acts as an underwriter. Investment banking fee income and expenses are recorded when realized, generally on the date of closing. Customers' securities transactions and the related commission income and expense are recorded on trade date.

Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated federal tax return with its Parent. Federal and state income taxes are allocated to the Company on a separate return basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Accordingly, the Company's taxable income is included in the consolidated tax return of the Parent.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities are considered financial instruments, and are either reflected at fair values or are short-term or replaceable on demand. Therefore, their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

1. Receivable from Clearing Brokers

The receivable from clearing brokers represents cash on deposit and amounts due for commissions earned. Cash deposits held at the clearing brokers and commissions earned collateralize amounts due to the clearing brokers, if any.

2. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable consists of loans to employee registered representatives as an inducement to join the Company. These notes are unsecured and generally forgiven over periods ranging from five to ten years, based upon meeting performance goals and remaining employed with the Company.

3. Income Taxes

The deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2007 relate primarily to deferred rent credits, accrued bonuses, stock options issued, and an allowance for bad debts.

4. Related Parties

Pursuant to an expense sharing agreement with its Parent, certain compensation expenses of the Company are paid by the Parent and allocated to the Company.

The Company receives advances from the Parent, which advances are non-interest bearing. At December 31, 2007, there were no such advances outstanding.

Certain technology and compensation costs of an affiliate are allocated to the Company on a pro-rata basis based on headcount of registered representatives.

The Parent issues nonqualified stock options to employees of the Company in connection with recruitment and future performance.

5. Commitments and Contingencies

The aggregate minimum annual rental commitments under leases, exclusive of additional payments that may be required for certain increases in operating expenses and taxes, are as follows:

2008	\$ 167,922
2009	176,760
2010	185,598
2011	184,436
2012	203,274
Thereafter	212,112

\$1,140,102

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

5. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

In the normal course of business, the Company is subject to litigation, regulatory and arbitration matters. The Company vigorously defends against these claims and, in the opinion of management, the resolution of outstanding matters as of December 31, 2007 will not result in any material adverse effect upon the Company's financial position.

6. Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Risk

Credit Risk

Under the terms of its clearing agreements, the Company is required to guarantee the performance of its customers in meeting contracted obligations. In conjunction with the clearing brokers, the Company seeks to control the risks associated with its customer activities by requiring customers to maintain collateral in compliance with various regulatory and internal guidelines. Compliance with the various guidelines is monitored daily and, pursuant to such guidelines, customers may be required to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions, where necessary.

The Company has agreed to indemnify its clearing brokers for losses that it may sustain from the customer accounts introduced by the Company. As of December 31, 2007, there are no amounts to be indemnified to the clearing brokers for these accounts.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company introduces all retail securities trades to its clearing brokers. In the event the clearing brokers do not fulfill their obligation, the Company may be exposed to risk. The Company attempts to minimize this credit risk by monitoring the creditworthiness of the clearing brokers.

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes that the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

7. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1). Under this rule, the Company is required to maintain net capital and requires that ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividend paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital and excess net capital of approximately \$2,430,403 and \$1,853,772, respectively. The net capital ratio was 3.56 to 1.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

8. Employee Benefits

The Company's employees are eligible for benefits under the Parent's 401(k) Plan. Under the 401(k) Plan, each eligible employee may contribute up to 80% of their pre-tax compensation, excluding commissions to the 401(k) Plan, subject to certain limitations under the Internal Revenue Code. Eligible employees are eligible for matching company contributions, which are generally a dollar for dollar match up to 6% of an employee's eligible compensation. The matching contributions are generally subject to a five-year vesting schedule.

Schedule I – Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 December 31, 2007

Net Capital	
Stockholder's equity	\$17,548,607
Nonallowable assets	
Receivable from clearing brokers	57,039
Notes receivable	10,309,443
Deferred tax asset	550,125
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,249,783
Other assets, net of related payables	2,937,413
Total nonallowable assets	15,103,803
Other deductions – unsecured debits/short positions	
Net capital before haircuts on securities	2,444,804
Haircuts on securities	14,401
Net capital	\$ 2,430,403
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement	
Minimum net capital required – 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness	\$ 576,681
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	\$ 250,000
Net capital requirement	\$ 576,681
Excess net capital	\$ 1,853,722
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$ 1,565,381

continued...

Schedule I – Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 December 31, 2007 (continued)

Computation of aggregate indebtedness Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$6,512,228
Payable to clearing brokers	437,883
Payable to Parent	457,005
Income taxes payable	1,700,108
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$8,650,219
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	3.56 to 1
Reconciliation with Company's computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A 2007)	-5 as of December 31
2007)	
2007) Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS Report	\$2,618,600
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS Report Accrual for compensated absences	\$2,618,600 (258,000)
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS Report Accrual for compensated absences Tax benefit from option exercise	\$2,618,600 (258,000 160,000
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS Report Accrual for compensated absences Tax benefit from option exercise Improper netting of accrued bonus and notes receivable	\$2,618,600 (258,000)
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS Report Accrual for compensated absences Tax benefit from option exercise Improper netting of accrued bonus and notes receivable Reduction in accrued bonuses	\$2,618,600 (258,000) 160,000 (229,975)
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS Report Accrual for compensated absences Tax benefit from option exercise Improper netting of accrued bonus and notes receivable Reduction in accrued bonuses Underaccrued invoices	\$2,618,600 (258,000 160,000 (229,975 90,119
	\$2,618,600 (258,000) 160,000 (229,975) 90,119 (54,341)

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17a-5

Board of Directors Advanced Equities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Advanced Equities, Inc. (the "Company") for the years ended December 31, 2007 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

continued...

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Certified Public Accountants

BDO Scidman, UP

February 27, 2008 Richmond, Virginia

